

# Ulnar Collateral Ligament Injury Epidemic: Causes and Prevention

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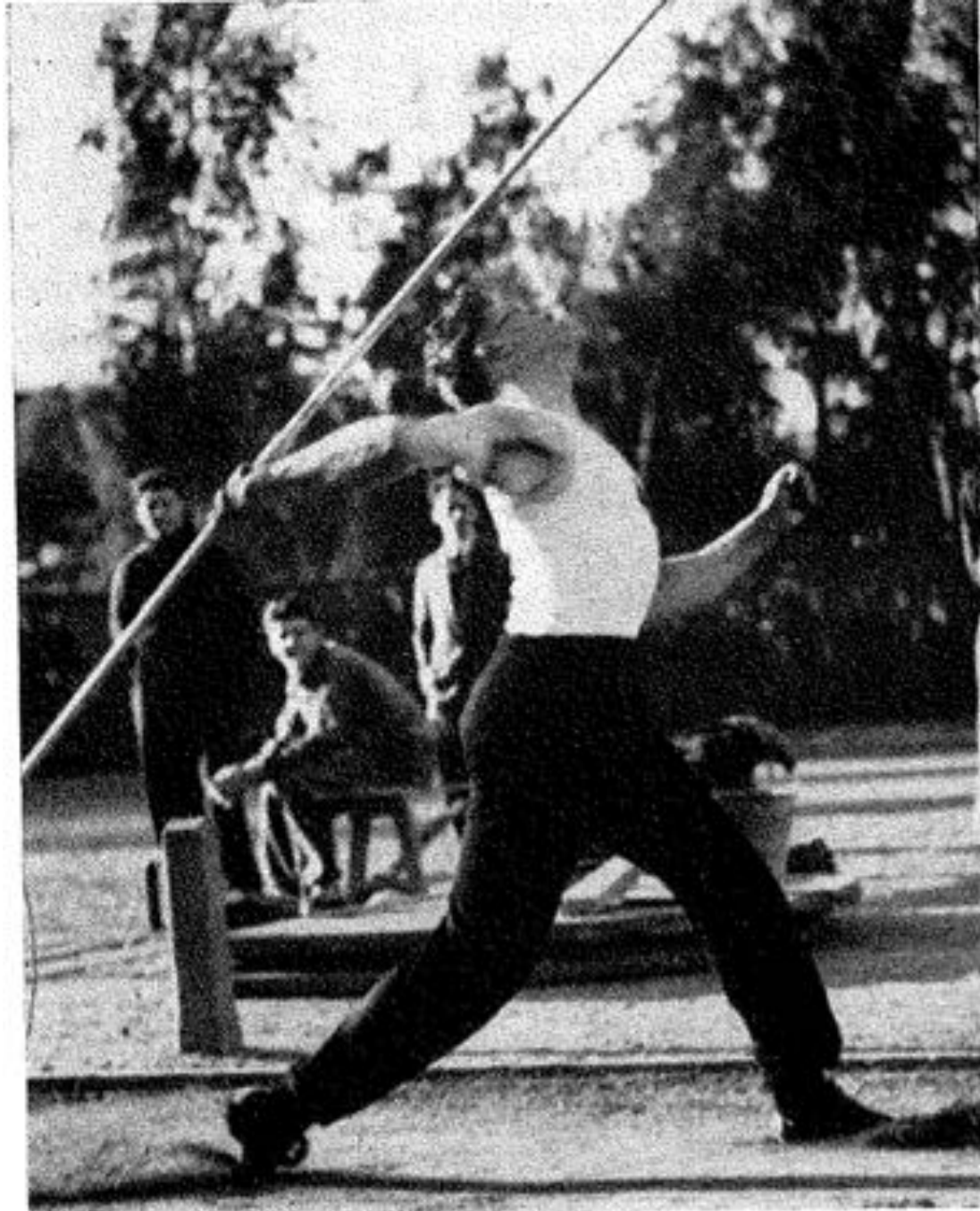
Department of Orthopaedic Surgery

Team Physician, AAA Bees (Angels Affiliate)

University of Utah

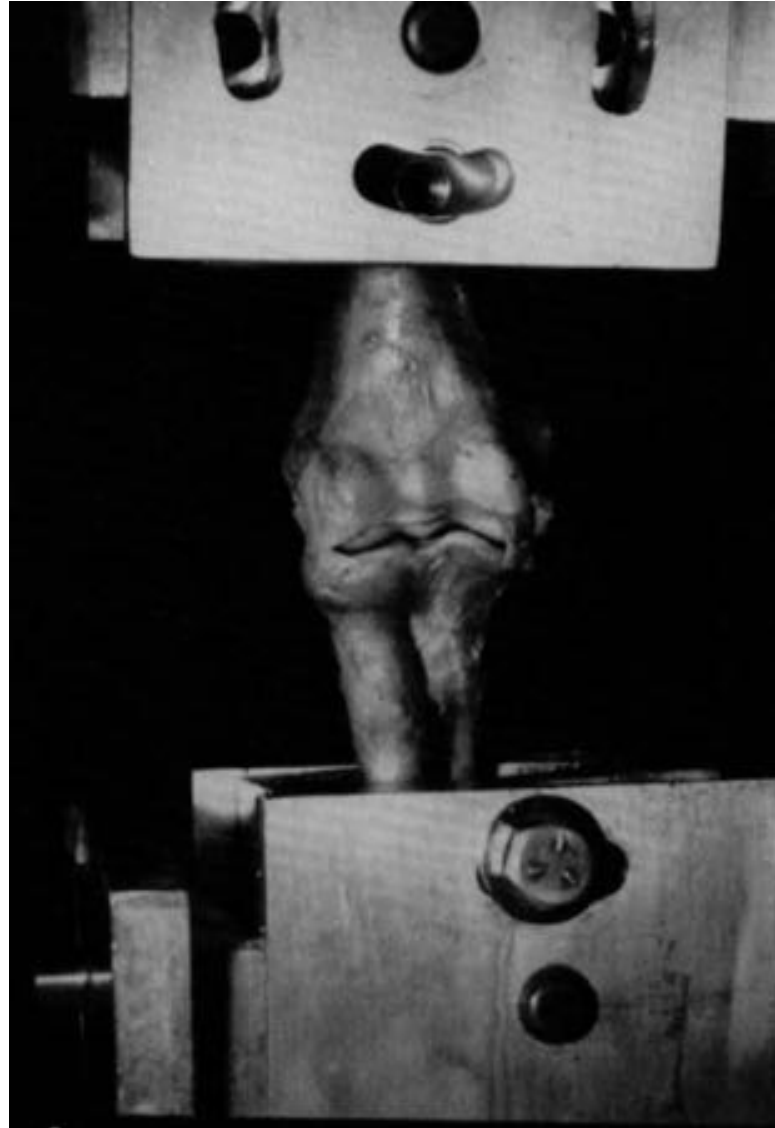


- 1946: Waris: UCL injuries in Javelin Throwers



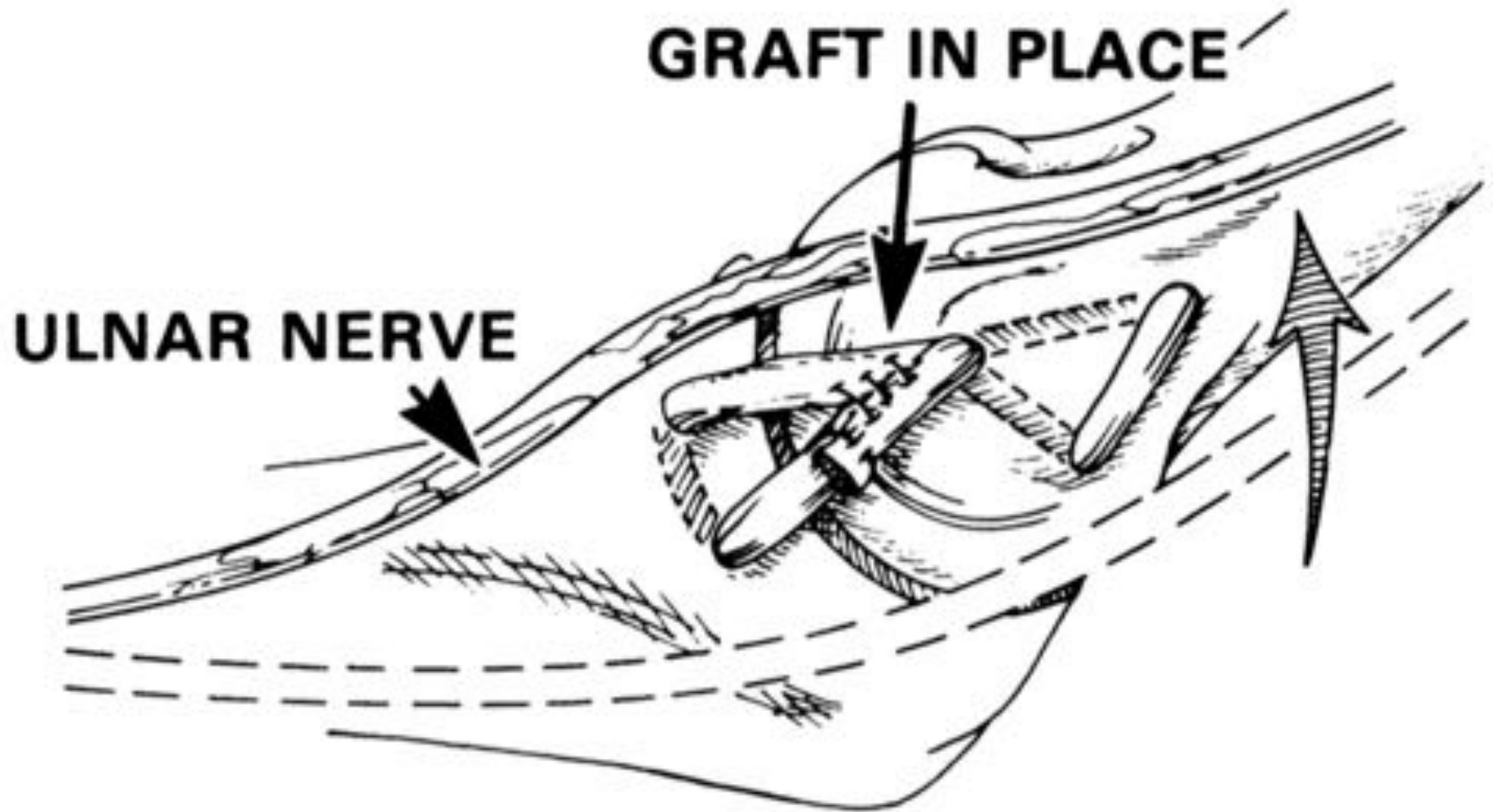
Waris W. Elbow injuries of javelin-throwers. *Acta Chir Scand.* 1946;93(6):563-575.

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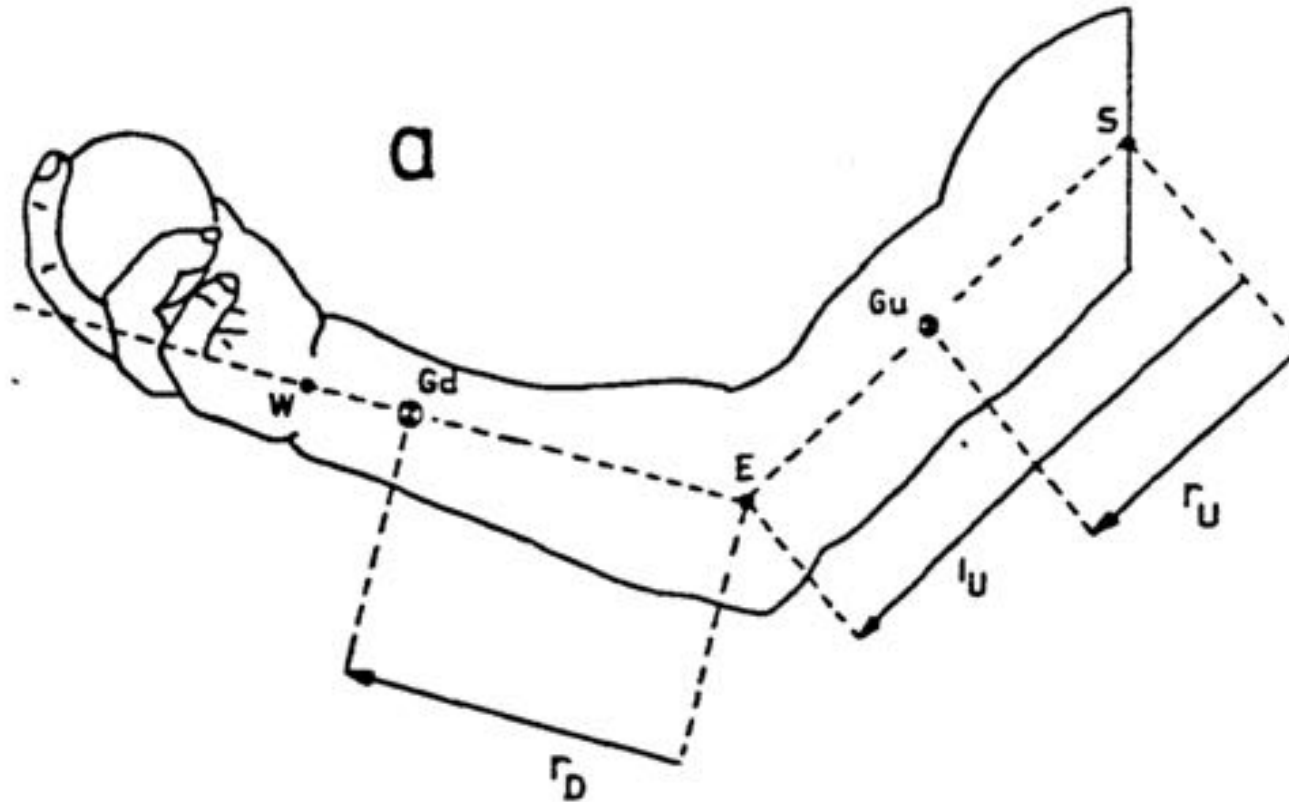
Morrey BF, An KN. Articular and ligamentous contributions to the stability of the elbow joint. *Am J Sports Med.* 1983;11(5):315-319.

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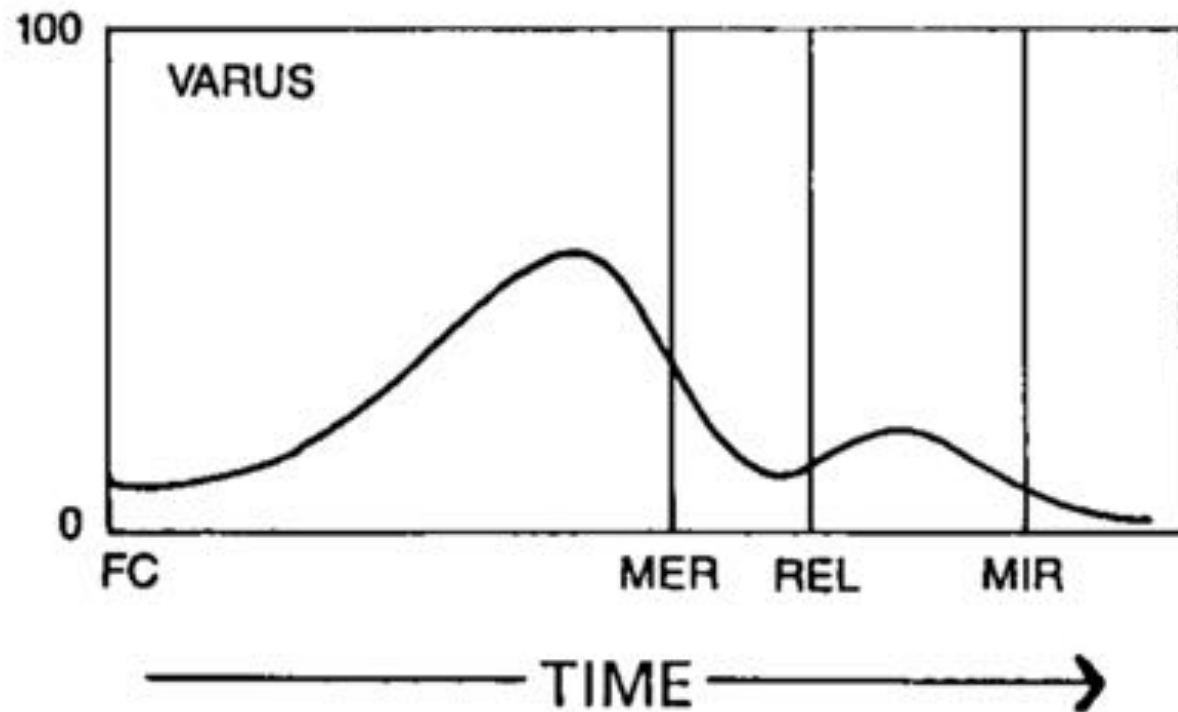




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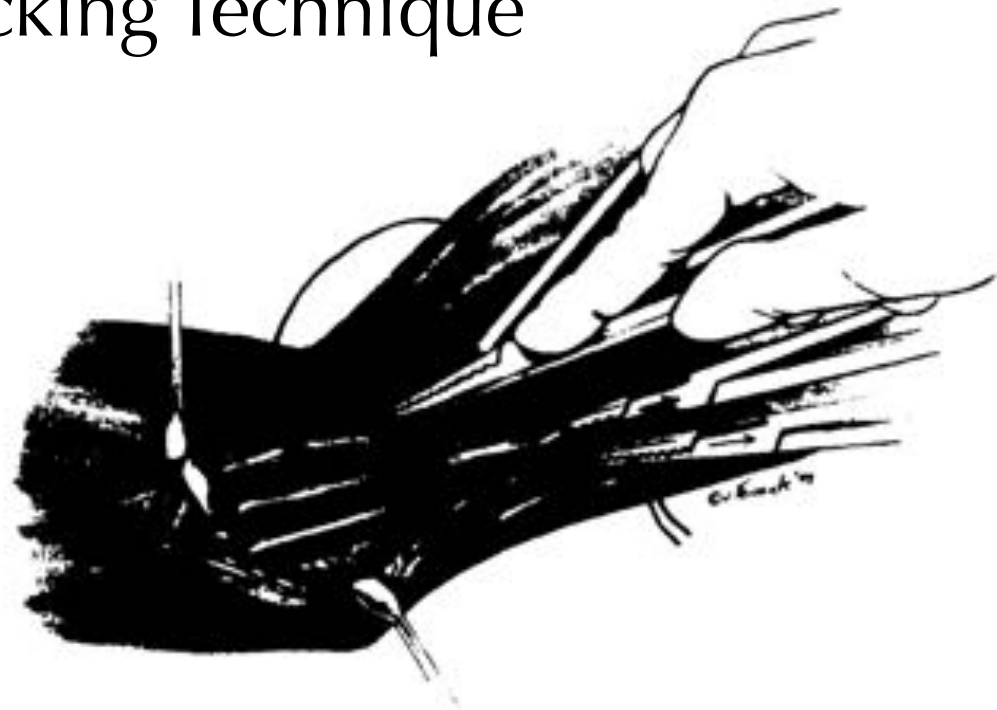


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- 2000: Altchek: Docking Technique

**FIG. 8.** The posterior limb of the graft is docked in the humeral tunnel. The elbow is reduced with varus stress and after final tensioning of the graft, a Krackow stitch is placed in the anterior limb of the graft using a #1 Ethibond Excel OS-2 needle.





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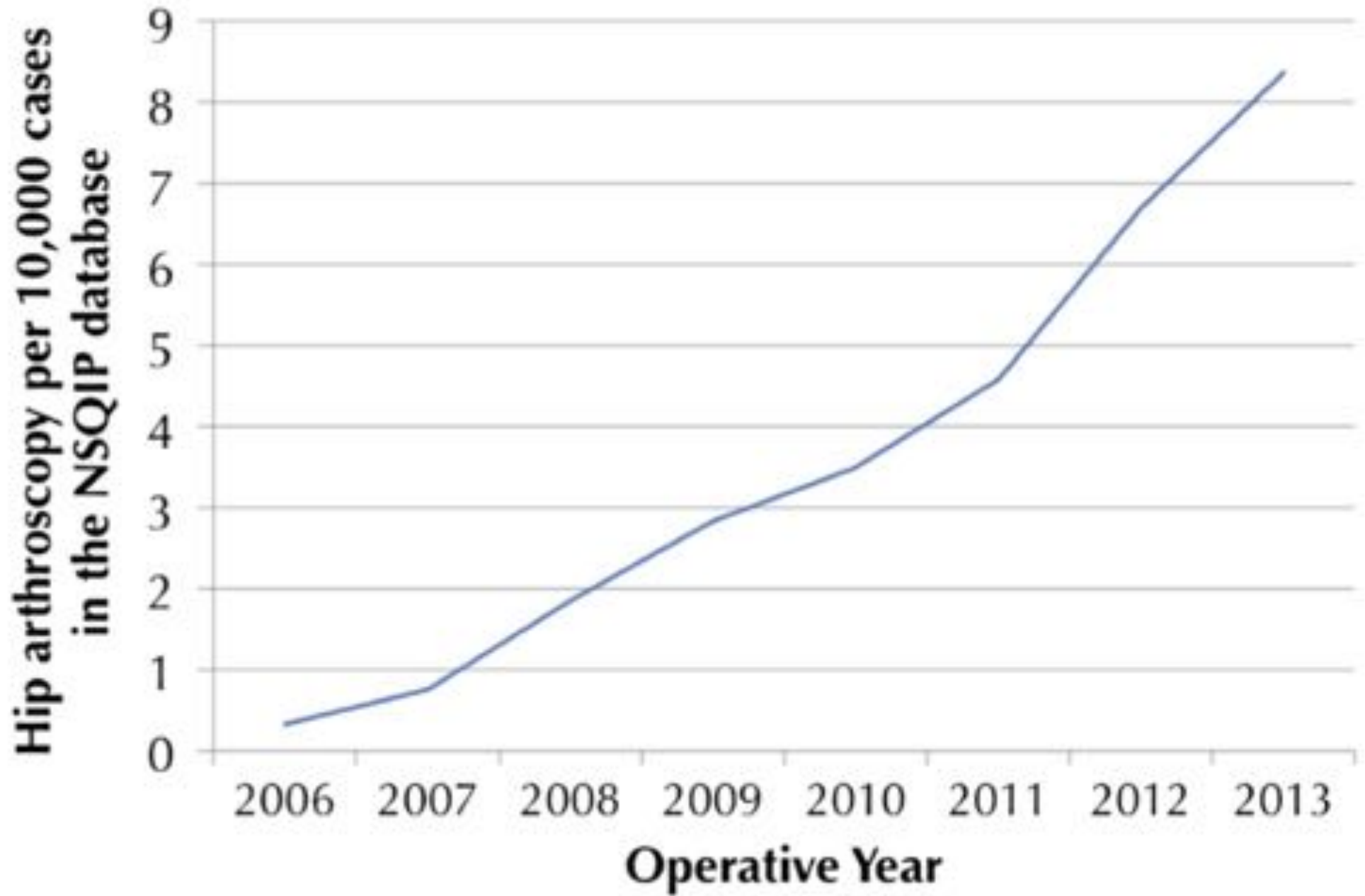


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- 2016: Dugas: UCL repair

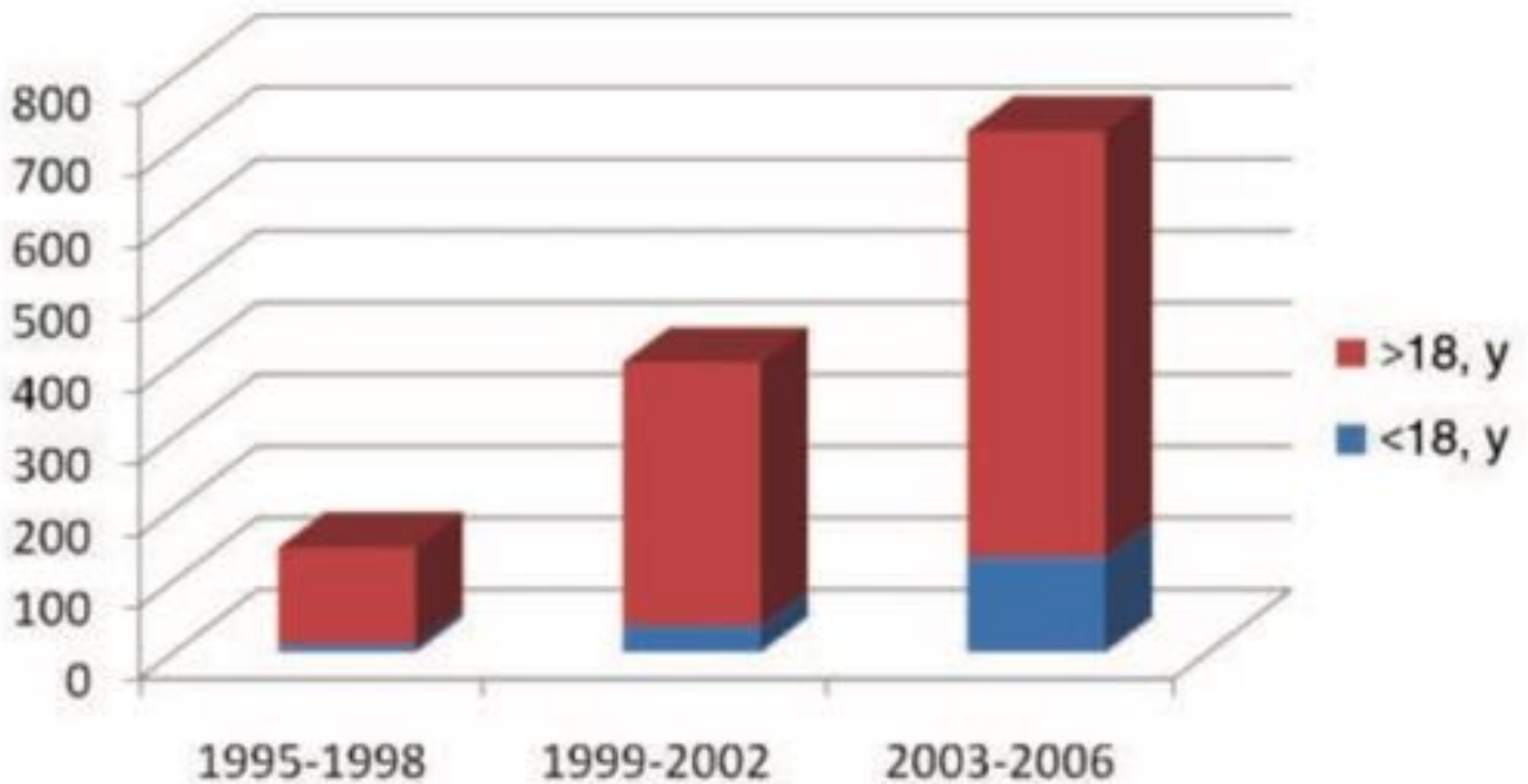


# Epidemic?

- Previously unrecognized injury
- Previously untreatable injury
- Is the incidence of the injury increasing or is the incidence of the treatment increasing?



Cvetanovich GL, Chalmers PN, Levy DM, et al. Hip Arthroscopy Surgical Volume Trends and 30-Day Postoperative Complications. *Arthroscopy*. April 2016.

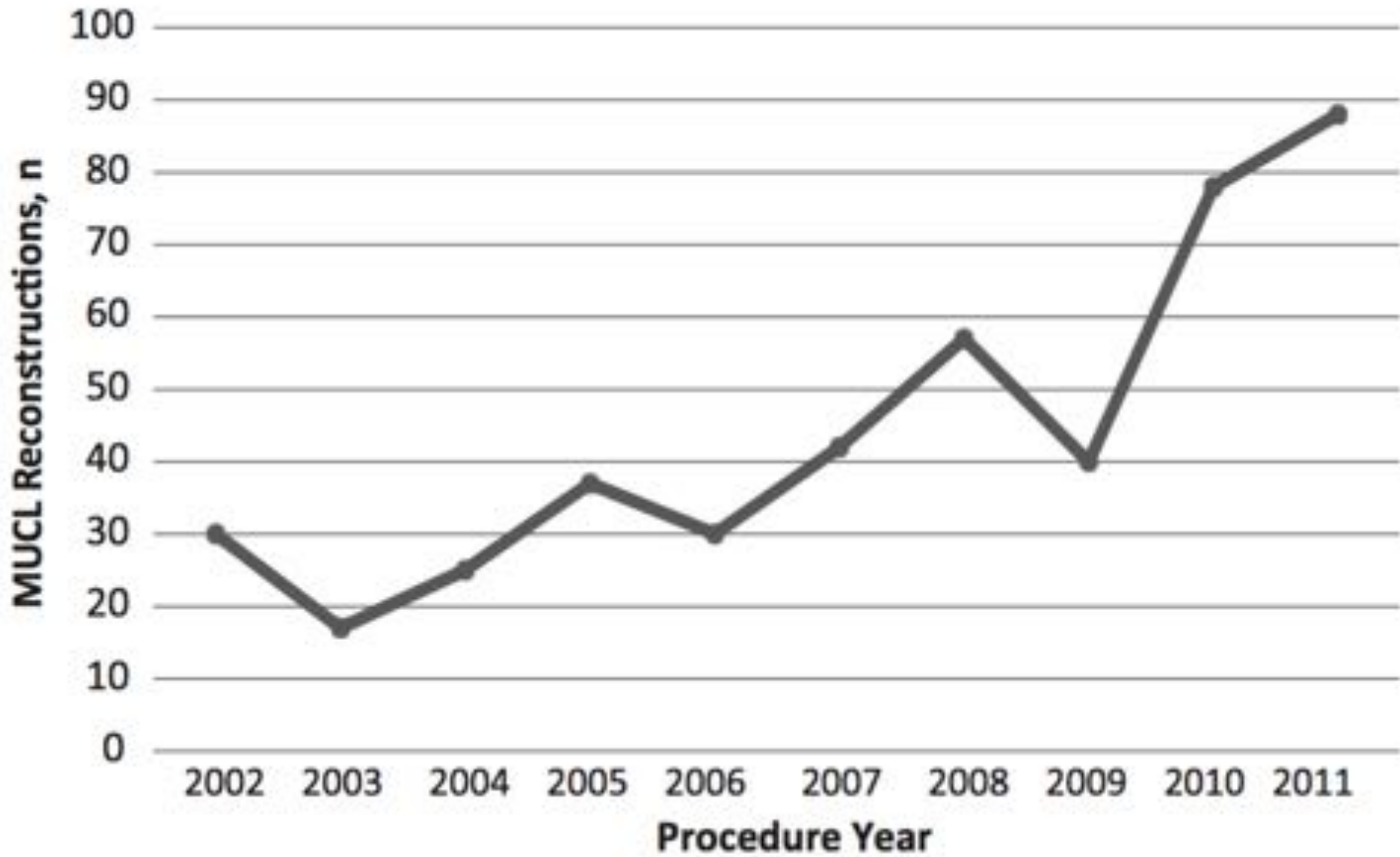


Cain EL, Andrews JR, Dugas JR, et al. Outcome of Ulnar Collateral Ligament Reconstruction of the Elbow in 1281 Athletes: Results in 743 Athletes With Minimum 2-Year Follow-up. *Am J Sports Med.* 2010;38(12):2426-2434.

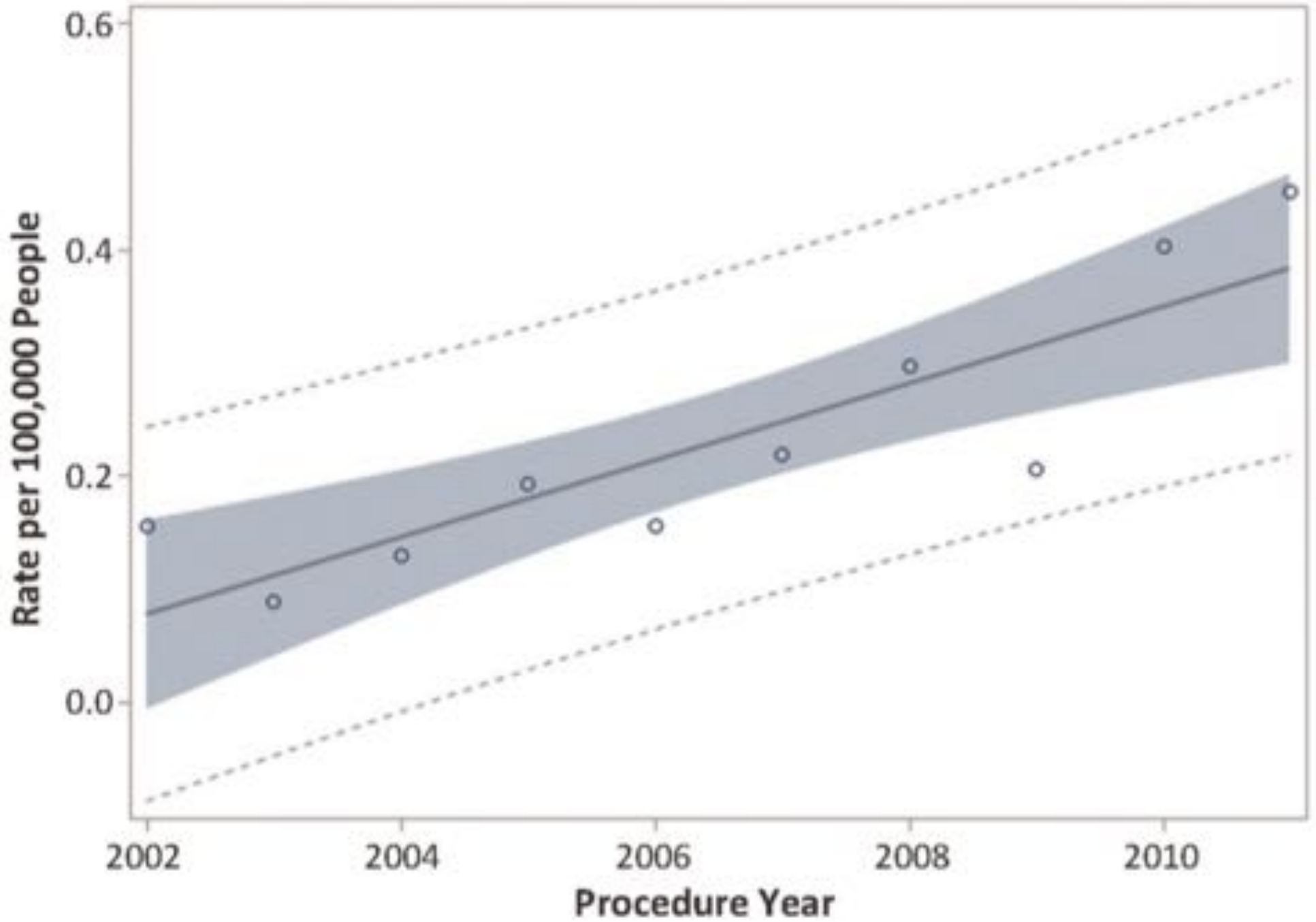
**TABLE 2**  
**Prevalence of Ulnar Collateral Ligament  
 Reconstruction Among Pitchers**

	Prevalence, % (n)	<i>P</i>
Current level		<.001
Major league	25 (96 of 382)	
Minor league	15 (341 of 2324)	

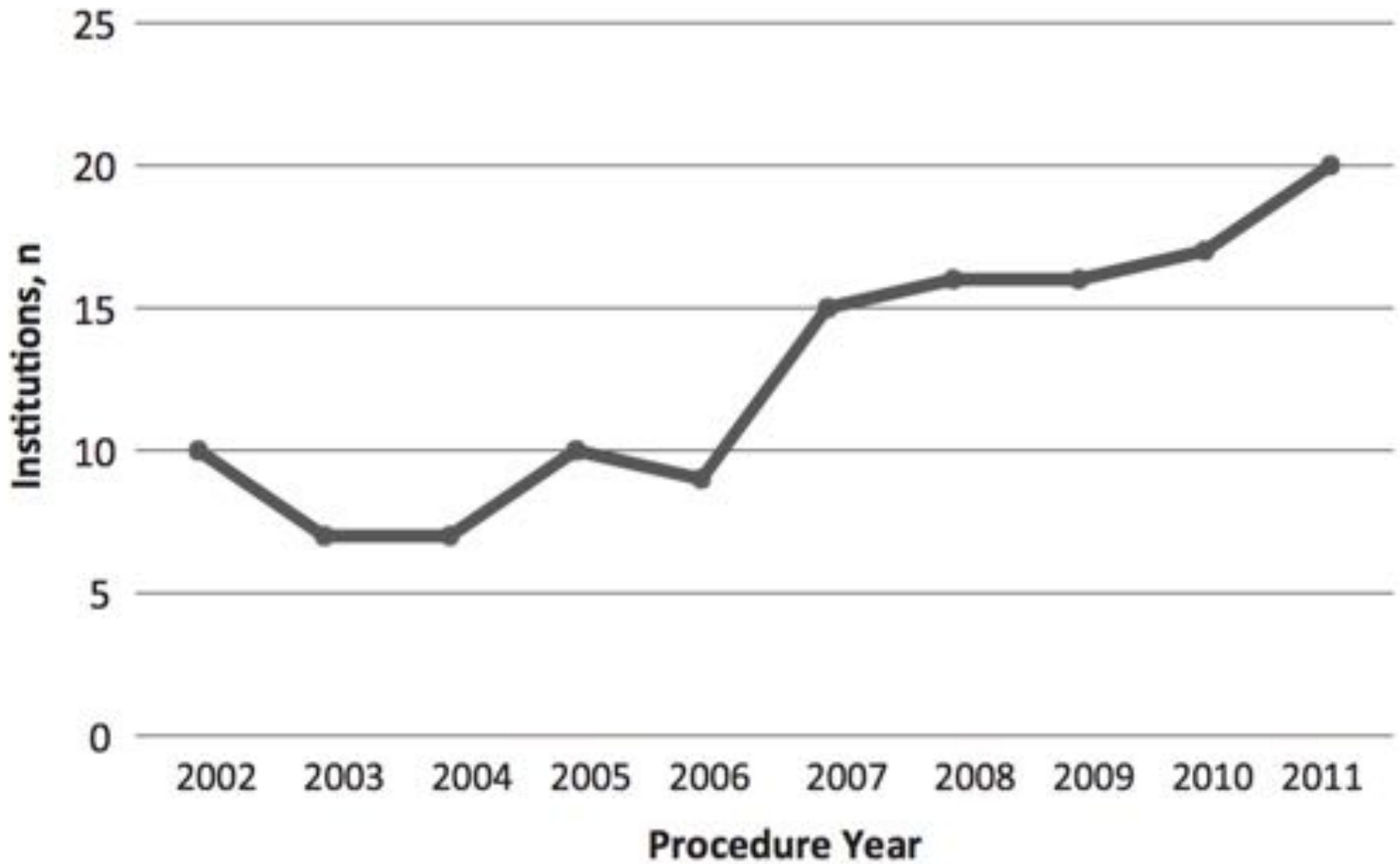




Hodgins JL, Vitale M, Arons RR, Ahmad CS. Epidemiology of Medial Ulnar Collateral Ligament Reconstruction: A 10-Year Study of New York State. *Am J Sports Med.* January 2016.

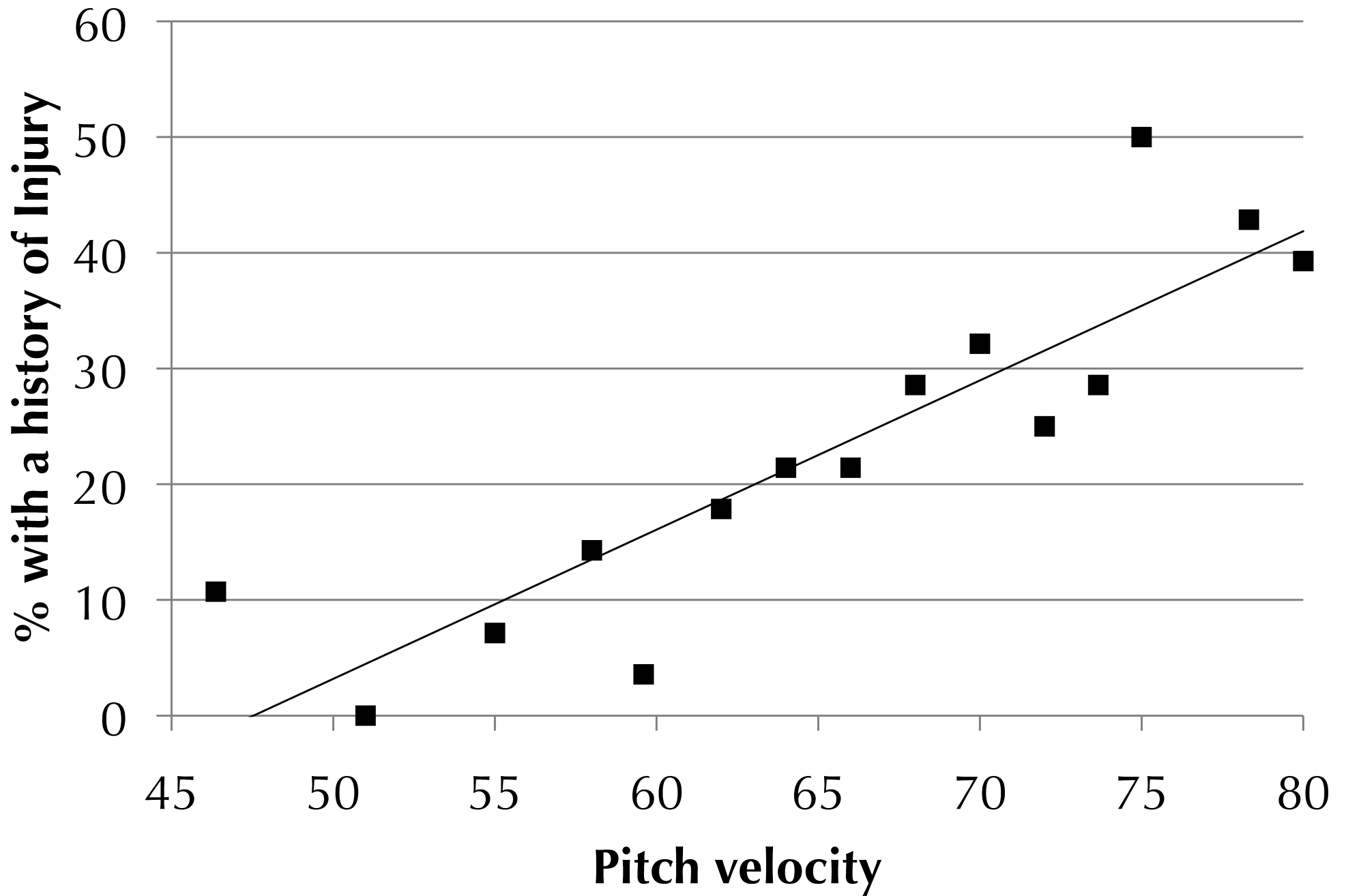


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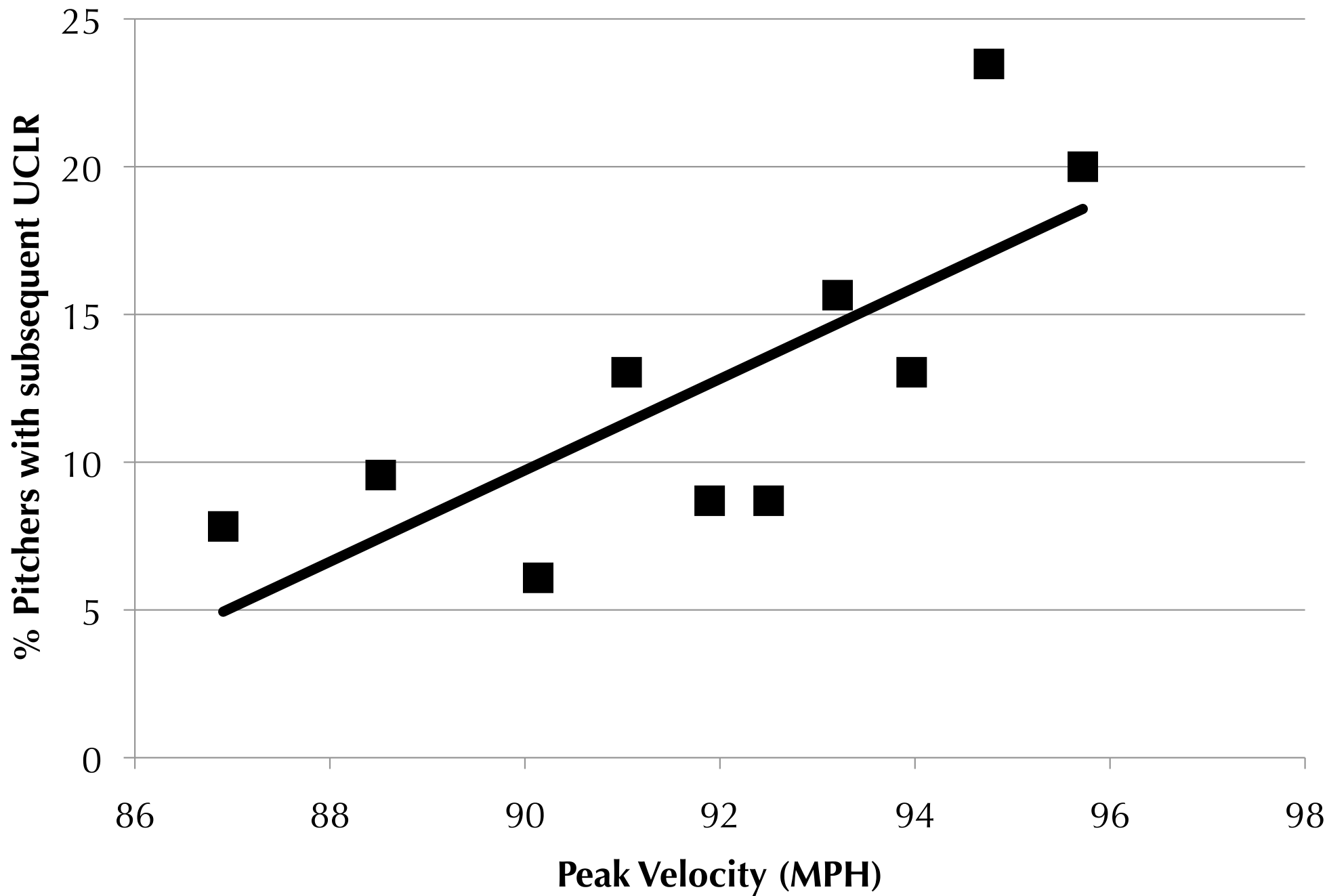


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Causes







## Average fastball speed in major league baseball

92 miles per hour

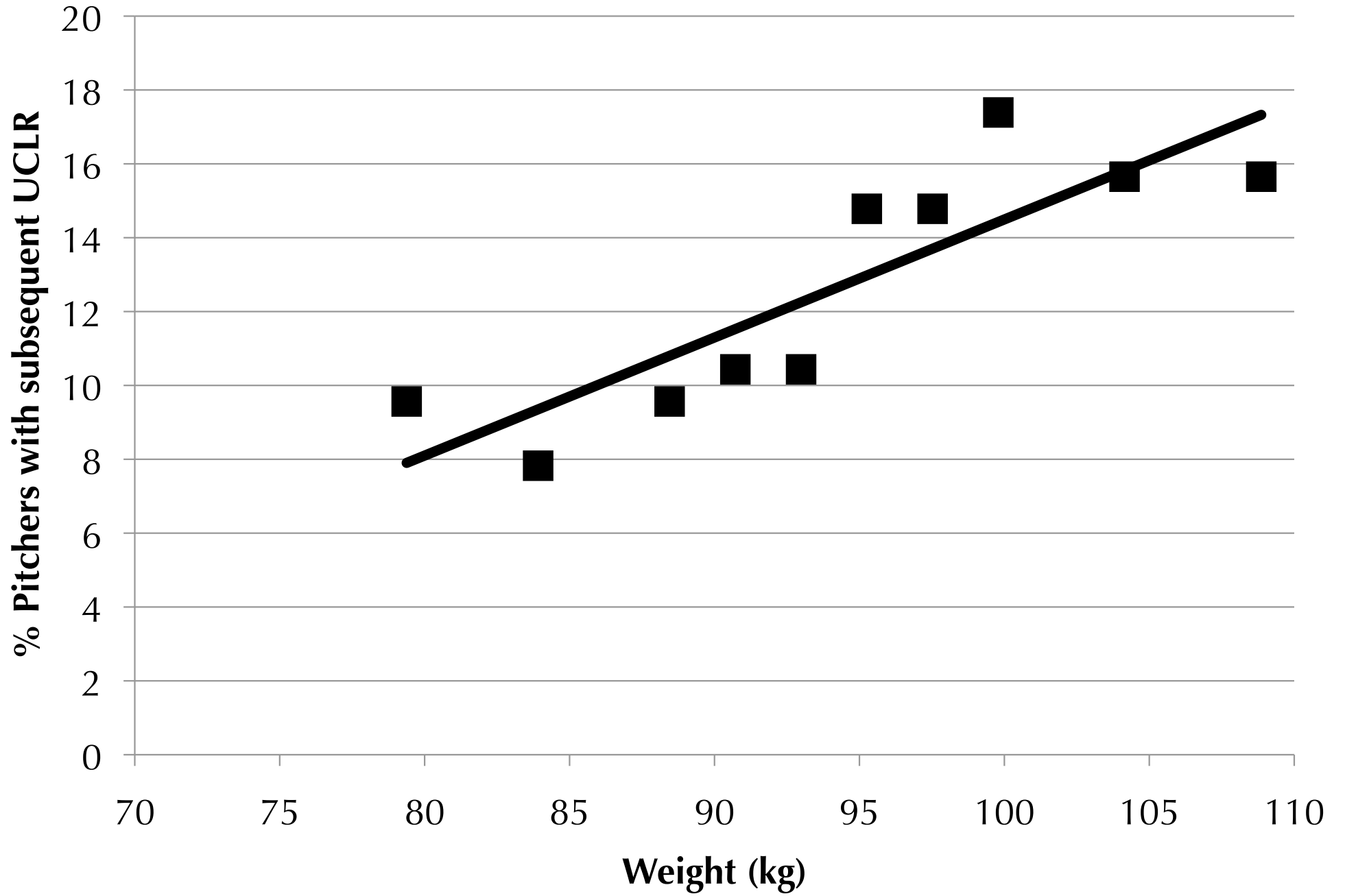


△ T L △ S | Data: Fangraphs/Baseball Info Solutions (data includes all pitchers with 90 innings or more)

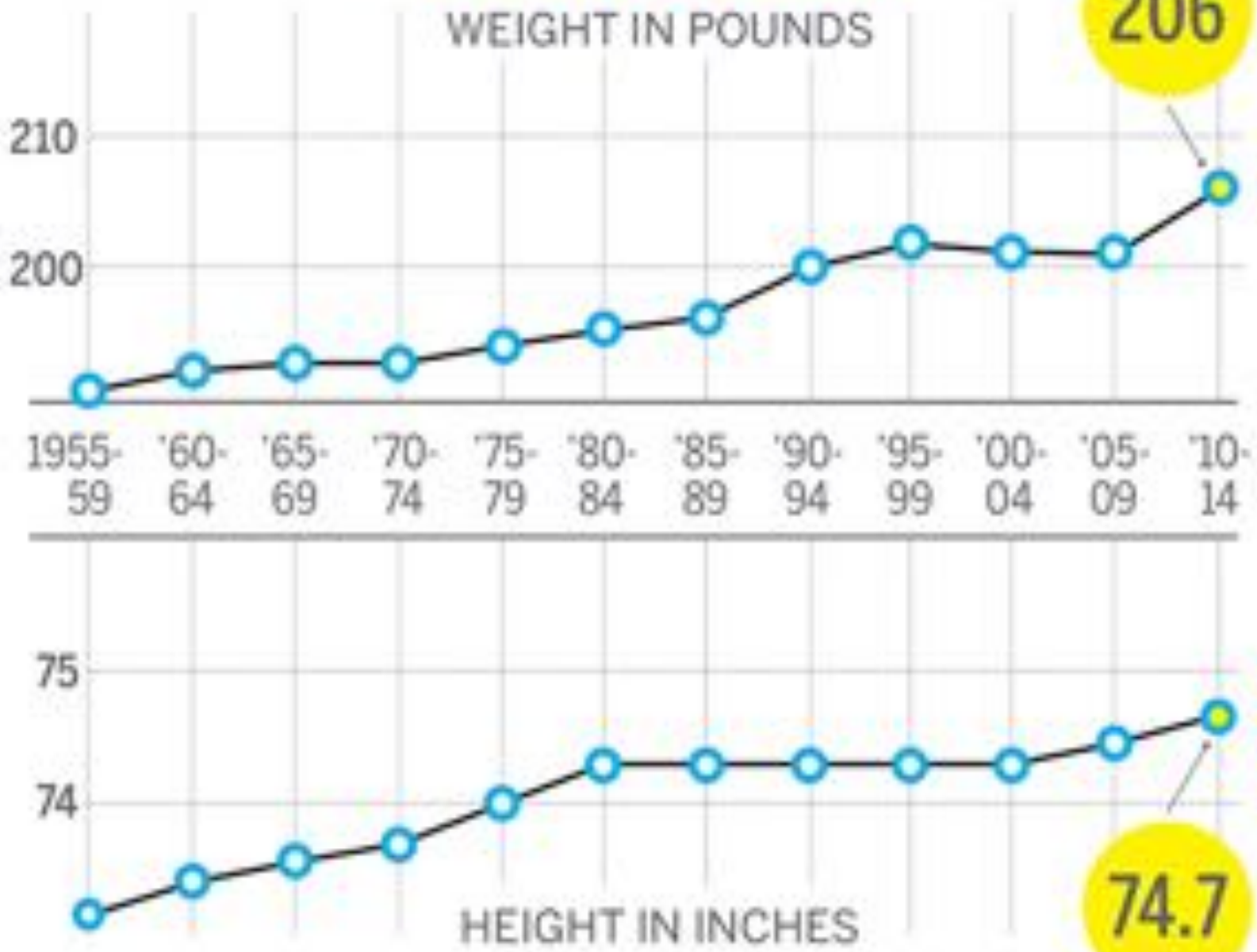
# PITCHERS WHO HIT 100 MPH 20 TIMES

2003	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13
1	1	1	2	1	1	8	9	6	8	7

SOURCE: BASEBALL  
INFO SOLUTIONS



# AVERAGE SIZE OF MLB PITCHERS



Game pitch counts	No. of appearances	Elbow		Shoulder	
		Odds ratio	<i>P</i> value	Odds ratio	<i>P</i> value
Overall					
1–24	1023	Referent	0.07	Referent	<0.01
25–49	1060	1.03		1.15	
50–74	992	1.21		1.23	
75–99	476	1.35		1.52	
100+	238	1.44		1.77	
9 to 10 years old					
1–24	430	Referent	0.67	Referent	0.01
25–49	373	1.20		0.97	
50–74	346	1.40		1.11	
75–99	149	0.91		1.32	
100+	90	1.33		2.01	
11 to 12 years old					
1–24	319	Referent	0.60	Referent	0.94
25–49	353	0.84		0.98	
50–74	319	0.83		1.10	
75–99	164	1.30		1.14	
100+	70	0.87		0.76	
13 to 14 years old					
1–24	274	Referent	0.06	Referent	0.02
25–49	334	1.12		1.51	
50–74	327	1.38		1.65	
75–99	163	1.59		2.17	
100+	78	2.22		2.15	
<hr/>					
Season pitches to date	No. of such appearances	Elbow		Shoulder	
		Odds ratio	<i>P</i> value	Odds ratio	<i>P</i> value
1–200	2126	Referent	<0.01	Referent	<0.01
201–400	957	1.63		1.65	
401–600	460	2.81		2.34	
601–800	194	3.34		2.90	
800+	52	2.61		3.29	

Lyman, S., Fleisig, G. S., Andrews, J. R., & Osinski, E. D. (2002). Effect of pitch type, pitch count, and pitching mechanics on risk of elbow and shoulder pain in youth baseball pitchers. *American Journal of Sports Medicine*, 30(4), 463–468.

# Counts: Further evidence

Risk Factor	Pitchers With an Injury, % (n)		Odds Ratio (95% Confidence Interval)	P <sup>a</sup>
	With Risk Factor	Without Risk Factor		
Pitched at least 4 years in study	6 (10 of 154)	4 (14 of 327)	1.6 (0.69 to 3.51)	.37
Pitched more than 100 innings in 1 year	14 (4 of 29)	4 (20 of 452)	3.5 (1.16 to 10.44)	.049
Threw curveballs before 13 years old	7 (7 of 103)	4 (8 of 187)	1.6 (0.60 to 4.47)	.41
Played catcher at least 3 years in study	11 (4 of 35)	4 (20 of 446)	2.7 (0.93 to 8.19)	.088

TABLE 4

Odds Ratios of Arm Tiredness and/or Arm Pain by Risk-Prone Pitching Activity and Type of Pitching (N = 754)<sup>a</sup>

	Arm Tiredness When Pitching		Arm Pain When Pitching		Pitching- Related Injury	
	OR <sup>b</sup>	95% CI	OR <sup>b</sup>	95% CI	OR <sup>b</sup>	95% CI
Pitching competitive baseball for >8 months a year <sup>c</sup>						
Yes vs no	0.74	0.35-1.55	1.68	0.82-3.44	0.76	0.34-1.71
Pitching in leagues without pitch counts or limits						
Yes vs no	0.93	0.69-1.32	0.99	0.71-1.39	0.76	0.53-1.09
Pitching back-to-back days <sup>c</sup>						
Yes vs no	<b>4.36</b>	<b>1.87-10.15</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>1.14-5.60</b>	1.95	0.84-4.49
Pitching multiple games a day <sup>c</sup>						
Yes vs no	1.87	0.98-3.55	<b>1.89</b>	<b>1.03-3.49</b>	0.96	0.49-1.87
Pitching for multiple teams within the same season <sup>c</sup>						
Yes vs no	<b>3.37</b>	<b>1.76-6.30</b>	<b>1.85</b>	<b>1.02-3.38</b>	0.83	0.43-1.60

Yang, J., Mann, B. J., Guettler, J. H., Dugas, J. R., Irrgang, J. J., Fleisig, G. S., & Albright, J. P. (2014). Risk-Prone Pitching Activities and Injuries in Youth Baseball: Findings From a National Sample. *The American Journal of Sports Medicine*, 42(6), 1456–1463.

Fleisig, G. S., Andrews, J. R., Cutter, G. R., Weber, A., Loftice, J., McMichael, C., et al. (2011). Risk of serious injury for young baseball pitchers: a 10-year prospective study. *The American Journal of Sports Medicine*, 39(2), 253–257.

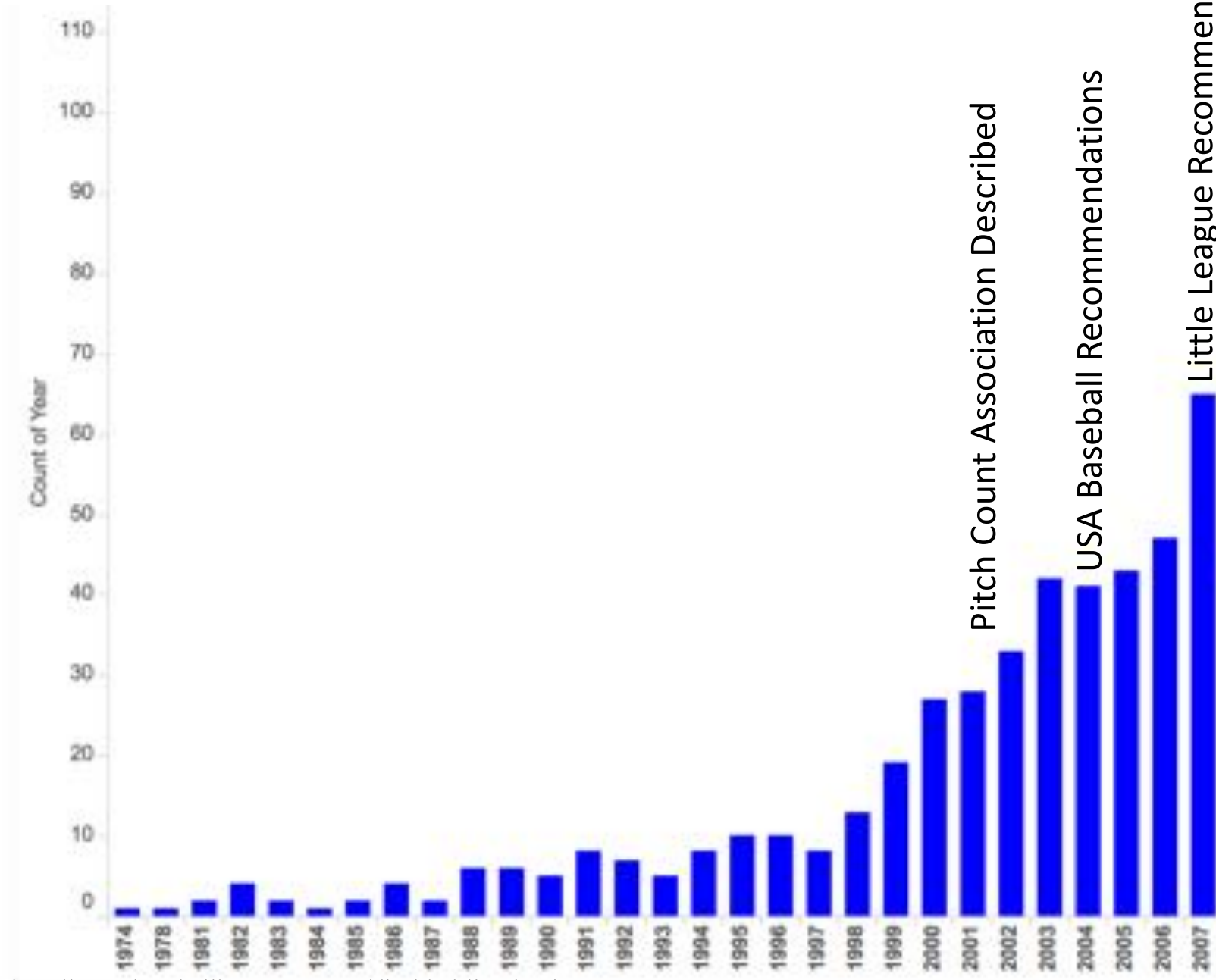


# How much of a difference in pitch counts leads to injury?

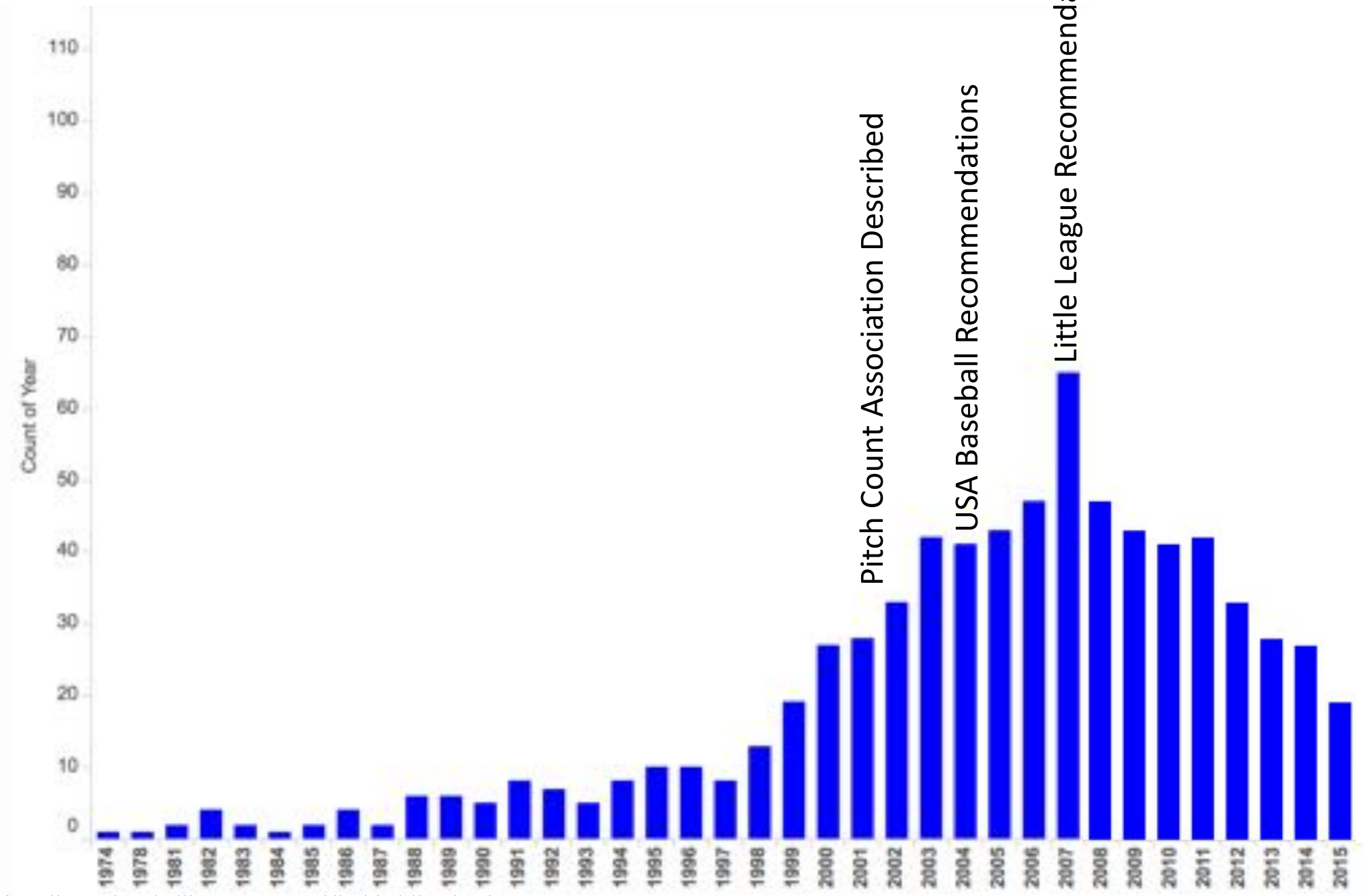
Variable	History of injury	No history of injury	P
<b>Pitches/Game</b>	64±21	54±22	<0.001
<b>Pitches/Year</b>	1978±1679	1408±1491	0.001

10 pitches per game  
500 pitches per year

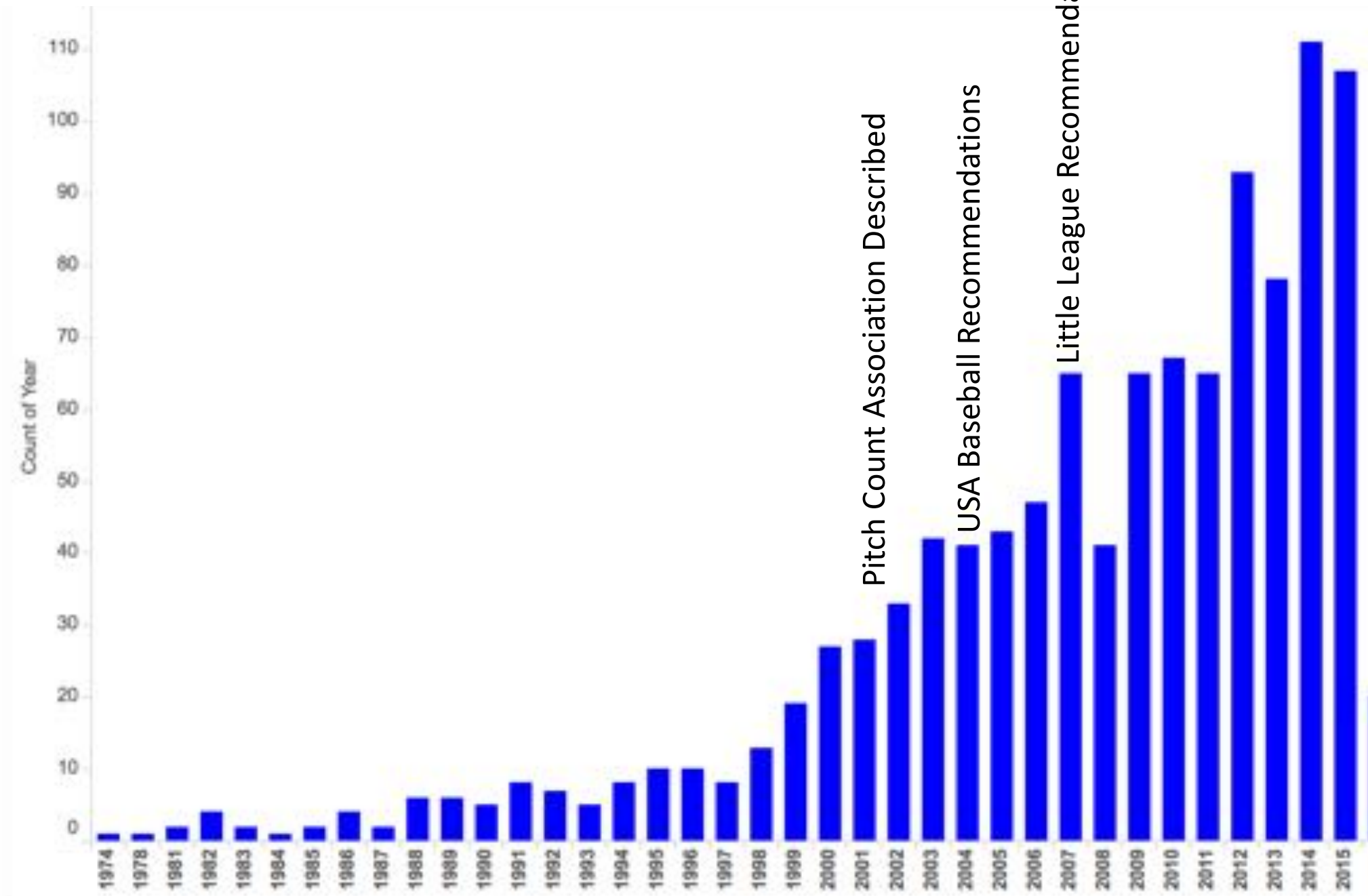
# Pitch Counts?

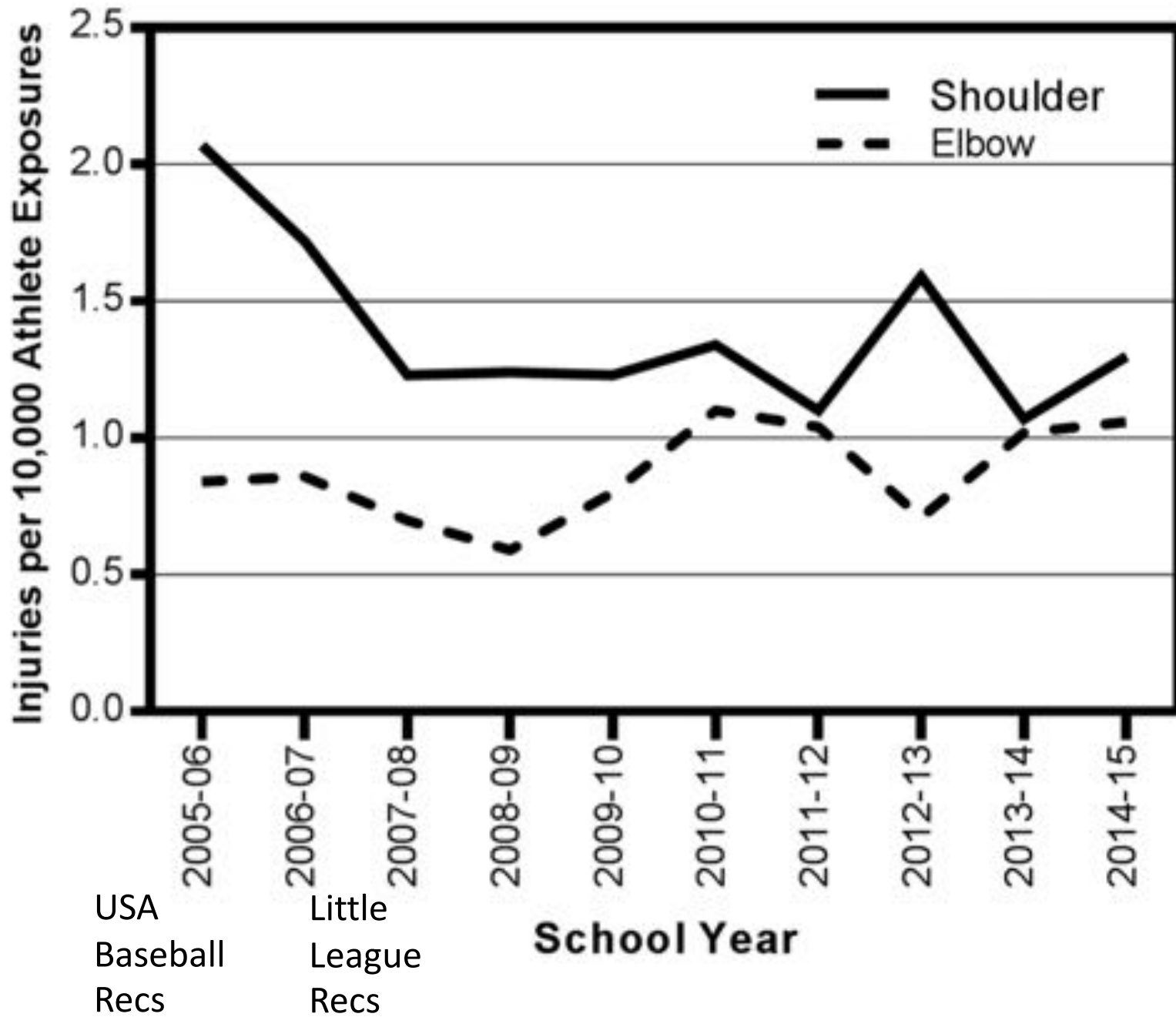


# Expected



# Observed





# Conclusions

- UCLR incidence has dramatically increased in
  - The MLB
  - Youth and Adolescent Pitchers
- Increased velocity, height, and weight may contribute
- Pitch Counts +/-empirically correlate
- Prevention:
  - Focus on mechanics, not velocity
  - Focus on at risk groups: heavy, tall, hard throwers
    - Core strengthening?
    - Flexor-Pronator strengthening?
    - Reduced Pitch Counts?



Thank you!

