Shoulder I	<u>Shoulder II</u>		Shoulder Arthroscopy		<u>Patella</u>
-Identify indications and techniques for arthroscopic Bankart Repair	-Discuss the mobilization and repair of large shoulder defects		-Formulate the appropriate use of the reverse total shoulder technique and reconstruction		- Identify the proper management of patella instability and joint pain
-Discuss and apply the arthroscopic Remplissage technique	-Determine the optimal graft for glenoid resurfacing		-Discuss and apply the arthroscopic Remplissage technique		-Identify appropriate indications for MPFL restoration and MPFL reconstruction
-Explain advanced shoulder procedures including the Laterjet procedure and management of Latarjet/Bristow failure	-Identify patterns of rotator cuff tearing, including supraspinatus, infraspinatus, and subscapularis		-Describe the effects of bony glenoid and humeral defects on shoulder stability		-Discuss the evaluation of the unstable patellofemoral joint and biologic resurfacing
-Formulate indications and techniques for SLAP repair and when it's appropriate	-Identify the consequences of misdiagnosis of Suprascapular neuropathy (SSN) and when it is an issue for treatment protocols		-Identify and apply the rehabilitation of TSA and reverse TSA		
Hip		Articular Cartile	age & Meniscus		Knee Ligaments
-Discuss the challenge of the FAI patient workup to demonstrate the subtle early alterations in order to make the correct diagnosis and plan appropriate therapy		-Determine best strategies for hyaline repair of chondral defects (Microfx, OATS)		-Identify the best grafts and approaches for ACL reconstruction with BTB	
-Identify new techniques for arthroscopic rim trimming of FAI and labral repair		-Discuss and improve proper indication in articular cartilage injury		-Discuss osteotomy with cruciate ligament issues	
-Define improved strategies and techniques for femoral osteoplasty		-Examine and apply new ways to optimize meniscectomy and meniscus repair		-Examine and employ best approaches for managing medial and lateral injuries to the knee	
-Examine the newest techniques and indication in hip arthroscopy and dysplasia		-Identify treatments for the management of OCD as dictated by the extent of the lesion and of the patient at the time of diagnosis		-Determine tibial and femoral revision options	